

SCIENCE
PROBLEMS.UZ

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Actual problems of social and humanitarian sciences
Актуальные проблемы социальных и гуманитарных наук

**Ijtimoiy-gumanitar
fanlarning dolzarb
muammolari**

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SCIENCEPROBLEMS.UZ

IJTIMOIIY-GUMANITAR FANLARNING DOLZARB MUAMMOLARI

№ 5/9 (4) - 2024

АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ПРОБЛЕМЫ СОЦИАЛЬНО- ГУМАНИТАРНЫХ НАУК

ACTUAL PROBLEMS OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

TOSHKENT-2024

BOSH MUHARRIR:

Isanova Feruza Tulqinovna

TAHRIR HAY'ATI:

07.00.00- TARIX FANLARI:

Yuldashev Anvar Ergashevich – tarix fanlari doktori, siyosiy fanlar nomzodi, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Mavlanov Uktam Maxmasabirovich – tarix fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Xazratkulov Abror – tarix fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti.

Tursunov Ravshan Normuratovich – tarix fanlari doktori, O'zbekiston Milliy Universiteti;

Xolikulov Axmadjon Boymahammadovich – tarix fanlari doktori, O'zbekiston Milliy Universiteti;

Gabrielyan Sofya Ivanovna – tarix fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston Milliy Universiteti.

Saidov Sarvar Atabullo o'g'li – katta ilmiy xodim, Imom Termiziy xalqaro ilmiy-tadqiqot markazi, ilmiy tadqiqotlar bo'limi.

08.00.00- IQTISODIYOT FANLARI:

Karlibayeva Raya Xojabayevna – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Nasirxodjayeva Dilafuz Sabitxonovna – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Ostonokulov Azamat Abdukarimovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent moliya instituti;

Arabov Nurali Uralovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Xudoyqulov Sadirdin Karimovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Azizov Sherzod O'ktamovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Bojxona instituti;

Xojayev Azizxon Saidaloxonovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent, Farg'ona politexnika instituti

Xolov Aktam Xatamovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Shadiyeva Dildora Xamidovna – iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent v.b, Toshkent moliya instituti;

Shakarov Qulmat Ashirovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari

nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent axborot texnologiyalari universiteti

09.00.00- FALSAFA FANLARI:

Hakimov Nazar Hakimovich – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Yaxshilikov Jo'raboy – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

G'aybullayev Otabek Muhammadiyevich – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat chet tillar instituti;

Saidova Kamola Uskanbayevna – falsafa fanlari doktori, "Tashkent International University of Education" xalqaro universiteti;

Hoshimxonov Mo'min – falsafa fanlari doktori, dotsent, Jizzax pedagogika instituti;

O'roqova Oysuluv Jamoliddinovna – falsafa fanlari doktori, dotsent, Andijon davlat tibbiyot instituti, Ijtimoiy-gumanitar fanlar kafedrasini mudiri;

Nosirxodjayeva Gulnora Abdulkaxxarovna – falsafa fanlari nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Turdiyev Bexruz Sobirovich – falsafa fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent, Buxoro davlat universiteti.

10.00.00- FILOLOGIYA FANLARI:

Axmedov Oybek Saporbayevich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Ko'chimov Shuxrat Norqizilovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Hasanov Shavkat Ahadovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Baxronova Dilrabo Keldiyorovna – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Mirsanov G'aybullo Qulmurodovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat chet tillar instituti;

Salaxutdinova Musharraf Isamutdinovna – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Kuchkarov Raxman Urmanovich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent v/b, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Yunusov Mansur Abdullayevich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Saidov Ulugbek Aripovich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi.

12.00.00- YURIDIK FANLAR:

Axmedshayeva Mavlyuda Axatovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Muxitdinova Firyuza Abdurashidovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Esanova Zamira Normurotovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasida xizmat ko'rsatgan yurist, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Hamroqulov Bahodir Mamasharifovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor v.b., Jahon iqtisodiyoti va diplomatiya universiteti;

Zulfiqorov Sherzod Xurramovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Jamoat xavfsizligi universiteti;

Xayitov Xushvaqt Saparbayevich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Asadov Shavkat G'aybullayevich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Ergashev Ikrom Abdurasulovich – yuridik fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Utemuratov Maxmut Ajimuratovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Saydullayev Shaxzod Alixanovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Hakimov Komil Baxtiyarovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Yusupov Sardorbek Baxodirovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Amirov Zafar Aktamovich – yuridik fanlar bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), O'zbekiston Respublikasi Sudyalar oliy kengashi huzuridagi Sudyalar oliy

maktabi;

Jo'rayev Sherzod Yuldashevich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Babadjanov Atabek Davronbekovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Rahmatov Elyor Jumaboyevich — yuridik fanlar nomzodi, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

13.00.00- PEDAGOGIKA FANLARI:

Xashimova Dildarxon Urinboyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Ibragimova Gulnora Xavazmatovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Zakirova Feruza Maxmudovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, Toshkent axborot texnologiyalari universiteti huzuridagi pedagogik kadrlarni qayta tayyorlash va ularning malakasini oshirish tarmoq markazi;

Kayumova Nasiba Ashurovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor, Qarshi davlat universiteti;

Taylanova Shoxida Zayniyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Jumaniyozova Muhayyo Tojiyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Ibraximov Sanjar Urunbayevich – pedagogika fanlari doktori, Iqtisodiyot va pedagogika universiteti;

Javliyeva Shaxnoza Baxodirovna – pedagogika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Bobomurotova Latofat Elmurodovna — pedagogika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), Samarqand davlat universiteti.

19.00.00- PSIXOLOGIYA FANLARI:

Karimova Vasila Mamanosirovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti;

Hayitov Oybek Eshboyevich – Jismoniy tarbiya va sport bo'yicha mutaxassislarni qayta tayyorlash va malakasini oshirish instituti, psixologiya fanlari doktori, professor

Umarova Navbahor Shokirovna– psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti, Amaliy psixologiyasi kafedrasi mudiri;

Atabayeva Nargis Batirovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti;

Shamshetova Anjim Karamaddinovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, O‘zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Qodirov Obid Safarovich – psixologiya fanlari doktori (PhD), Samarkand viloyat IIB Tibbiyot bo‘limi psixologik xizmat boshlig‘i.

22.00.00- SOTSILOGIYA FANLARI:

Latipova Nodira Muxtarjanovna – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O‘zbekiston milliy universiteti kafedra mudiri;

Seitov Azamat Po‘latovich – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O‘zbekiston milliy universiteti;

SodiqovaShohida Marxaboyevna – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O‘zbekiston xalqaro islom akademiyasi.

23.00.00- SIYOSIY FANLAR

Nazarov Nasriddin Ataqulovich –siyosiy fanlar doktori, falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent arxitektura qurilish instituti;

Bo‘tayeov Usmonjon Xayrullayevich –siyosiy fanlar doktori, dotsent, O‘zbekiston milliy universiteti kafedra mudiri.

OAK Ro‘yxati

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07.00.00 – TARIX FANLARI

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TRANSLATION FEATURES OF EMERGENCY TERMS IN ENGLISH AND UZBEK: A COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

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Abstract. Translation of emergency terms is a crucial aspect of effective communication, especially in life-threatening situations where quick and accurate understanding of information is vital. This article explores the specific features of translating emergency terms from English into Uzbek and vice versa. It focuses on the linguistic, cultural, and practical challenges involved in the process. Special attention is given to terminological equivalence, morphological structures, and the impact of different socio-linguistic contexts on the interpretation of terms in emergency-related fields such as healthcare, disaster response, and law enforcement.

Keywords: emergency terms, translation challenges, terminological equivalence, linguistic differences, cultural adaptation, loanwords, neologisms, English-Uzbek translation, functional translation, public safety communication.

FAVQULODDA VAZIYATLARGA DOIR ATAMALARNING INGLIZ VA O‘ZBEK TILLARIGA TARJIMA XUSUSIYATLARI: QIYOSIY TAHLIL

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Annotatsiya. Favqulodda vaziyatlarda atamalarni tarjima qilish, ayniqsa ma’lumotni tez va aniq tushunish muhim bo’lgan hayot uchun xavfli vaziyatlarda samarali muloqotning muhim jihati hisoblanadi. Ushbu maqola favqulodda vaziyatlarga oid terminlarni ingliz tilidan o‘zbek tiliga va aksincha tarjima qilishning o‘ziga xos xususiyatlarini o‘rganadi. Bu jarayonda ishtirok etadigan til, madaniy va amaliy muammolarga e’tibor qaratadi. Terminologik ekvivalentlik, morfologik tuzilmalar va turli ijtimoiy-lingvistik kontekstlarning sog’liqni saqlash, tabiiy ofatlarning oldini olish va huquqni muhofaza qilish kabi favqulodda vaziyatlar bilan bog’liq sohalaridagi atamalarni talqin qilishdagi ta’siriga alohida e’tibor beriladi.

Kalit so‘zlar: favqulodda atamalar, tarjima muammolari, terminologik ekvivalentlik, til farqlari, madaniy moslashuv, o‘zlashtirilgan so‘zlar, neologizmlar, inglizcha-o‘zbekcha tarjima, funksional tarjima, jamoat xavfsizligi aloqasi.

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Introduction. The translation of emergency-related terminology plays an important role in ensuring smooth communication during crises, such as natural disasters, medical emergencies, and public safety incidents. English, being a global language, is often the primary medium for communication in international emergency responses, while Uzbek is the official language of Uzbekistan and is spoken by over 32 million people. Translating emergency terms between these languages involves not only linguistic transformation but also consideration of

cultural and contextual factors that can impact the clarity and effectiveness of the communication.

The article aims to shed light on the translation challenges that arise in this context and to provide insights into the best practices for translating emergency terms in a manner that ensures accuracy, clarity, and cultural appropriateness.

Literature review and methodology. This study employs a qualitative and comparative linguistic analysis to explore the translation features of emergency terms between English and Uzbek.

Data Collection and Analysis. Selection of emergency-related terms: A corpus of emergency terms was selected from key categories such as medical emergencies (e.g., CPR, pandemic), natural disasters (e.g., aftershock, evacuation), and public safety and law enforcement (e.g., lockdown, suspect). The terms were sourced from official documents, guidelines, and glossaries used in emergency management, healthcare, and public safety protocols in both English-speaking countries and Uzbekistan[2].

Selection of parallel texts: Emergency response documents, manuals, and translations from international organizations like the World Health Organization (WHO), United Nations (UN), and local Uzbek agencies were reviewed for the presence of translated terms[3].

Linguistic comparison: A comparison was conducted between the selected English terms and their corresponding Uzbek translations. This involved analyzing the morphological, syntactical, and semantic structures of the terms to identify common translation strategies (loanwords, literal translations, neologisms) and to evaluate the accuracy and appropriateness of the translations in their respective contexts[5].

Terminological equivalence: Each term was examined for its terminological equivalence in the target language, considering whether the translation was direct, adapted, or a descriptive substitute. Where no direct equivalent existed, the translation strategies used by translators (e.g., borrowing, coining new terms) were noted and assessed.

Cultural and Contextual Analysis

Contextual understanding: The study also examined the cultural implications of emergency terms and the need for context-based adaptations. Cultural connotations, societal structures, and legal frameworks that influence the interpretation and use of emergency terminology in Uzbekistan were considered, especially in cases where the target audience's familiarity with borrowed terms or concepts could affect the clarity of the message[6].

Functional translation approach: In cases where literal translations were insufficient, the functional approach to translation was evaluated. This involved analyzing the intended action or response implied by the term and its translation into Uzbek, ensuring that the translation effectively conveyed the same functional outcome[4].

Evaluation of Effectiveness: Through case studies or interviews with native Uzbek speakers (including translators, medical professionals, and law enforcement officers), the effectiveness of the translated terms was assessed. This provided feedback on the clarity, comprehension, and practical application of the emergency terms in real-life situations.

Result and Discussion. Emergency terms are characterized by their specificity and conciseness. They often refer to actions, conditions, procedures, or objects that are crucial in critical situations. These terms must be translated with precision to avoid misunderstandings that could lead to delays or errors in response[3].

For example, terms like «evacuation», «quarantine», or «hazardous materials» carry specific meanings in the field of emergency management. The challenge lies in finding equivalent terms in the target language (Uzbek in this case) that convey the same sense of urgency and exactness as the source language (English). Emergency terms can be categorized into the following fields:

Medical emergencies: terms related to first aid, trauma, and public health, such as «cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)», «epidemic», and «pandemic».

Natural disasters: terms used in relation to earthquakes, floods, and other natural phenomena, such as «earthquake warning», «aftershock», and «tsunami».

Public safety and law enforcement: terminology related to policing, crime prevention, and terrorism response, such as «lockdown», «active shooter», and «suspect».

Each of these categories requires specialized knowledge when translating, as the terms often do not have a one-to-one equivalence between English and Uzbek.

The structural and lexical differences between English and Uzbek present unique challenges in translation. English, being an analytic language, relies on word order and auxiliary verbs to convey meaning, whereas Uzbek, a Turkic language, is agglutinative, meaning that it relies heavily on suffixes and prefixes to create new words or modify meanings. For instance, the English term «evacuation» may be rendered in Uzbek as «evakuatsiya» (a loanword) or a phrase like «bo'shatish jarayoni» (literally, «the process of clearing out»). The use of loanwords is common in Uzbek, but it can lead to comprehension issues among those unfamiliar with the borrowed terminology. Additionally, certain English terms that are highly specific may require descriptive phrases in Uzbek to maintain accuracy.

Achieving terminological equivalence is one of the key challenges in translating emergency terms. Not all terms have direct equivalents in Uzbek, and some terms may require adaptation or explanation to convey the full meaning. For example, the English term «hazmat» (short for hazardous materials) is highly specialized and may be translated into Uzbek as «xavfli materiallar», which captures the general meaning but may lose some of the specific connotations of the original term. In cases where no direct equivalent exists, translators must decide whether to borrow the term directly, adapt it into a form that fits Uzbek linguistic norms, or provide a more detailed explanation. The choice of strategy depends on the target audience, the urgency of the communication, and the availability of alternative terms in the target language.

Cultural and Contextual Considerations.

Cultural differences between English-speaking countries and Uzbekistan also influence the translation of emergency terms. For instance, concepts related to legal systems or public safety protocols may differ significantly between the two cultures, leading to a need for cultural adaptation.

For example, the term «lockdown» in an English context may refer to a procedure enacted during school shootings or other violent incidents. In Uzbekistan, such incidents are rare, and the concept of a «lockdown» may not carry the same immediacy. Translators must ensure that the target audience fully understands the implications of such terms within their cultural context, possibly by adding contextual information or choosing a culturally relevant term.

Approaches to Translation.

One approach to translating emergency terms is through the use of loanwords, where the original English term is adopted into Uzbek, often with slight modifications in pronunciation or spelling. This approach is common for technical terms, such as «evakuatsiya» (evacuation) or «pandemiya» (pandemic). However, reliance on loanwords can pose challenges for populations unfamiliar with English or with limited education, necessitating the use of neologisms or more descriptive terms. Neologisms, or the creation of new words, are sometimes employed when a native equivalent does not exist. For instance, instead of using «quarantine», the Uzbek phrase «izolyatsiya qilish» (literally, «to isolate») may be used.

In some cases, a literal translation of emergency terms may not be the best option due to differences in linguistic structures and idiomatic expressions. A functional translation, which focuses on conveying the intended effect or function of the term, may be more effective. For example, translating the term «first responder» literally might not fully capture the specific role of emergency personnel in Uzbekistan, so a functional equivalent like «birinchi yordamchi» (literally, «first helper») could be used to highlight the role of providing immediate aid.

Emergency response systems often use acronyms (e.g., «CPR» for cardiopulmonary resuscitation). Translating these into Uzbek poses additional difficulties, as the acronyms often need to be restructured to match the syntax of the target language. For example, «CPR» may be translated as «yurak-o'pka reanimatsiyasi» (heart-lung resuscitation), but the acronym would change to «YOR» if abbreviated in Uzbek.

Conclusion. Translating emergency terms between English and Uzbek involves a complex interplay of linguistic, cultural, and contextual factors. The structural differences between the two languages, the lack of one-to-one terminological equivalence, and the need for cultural adaptation all contribute to the challenges faced by translators. Achieving accurate and culturally appropriate translations requires a deep understanding of both languages and their respective emergency response frameworks.

Effective communication in emergency situations is vital, and translators must balance the need for precision with the goal of ensuring that the target audience understands and can act upon the translated terms. By employing a mix of loanwords, neologisms, and functional translations, it is possible to bridge the linguistic and cultural gaps between English and Uzbek in the realm of emergency terminology.

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АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ПРОБЛЕМЫ СОЦИАЛЬНО- ГУМАНИТАРНЫХ НАУК

ACTUAL PROBLEMS OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

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