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PROBLEMS.UZ

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Актуальные проблемы социальных и гуманитарных наук

**Ijtimoiy-gumanitar
fanlarning dolzarb
muammolari**

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SCIENCEPROBLEMS.UZ

IJTIMOIIY-GUMANITAR FANLARNING DOLZARB MUAMMOLARI

№ 1 (5) - 2025

АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ПРОБЛЕМЫ СОЦИАЛЬНО- ГУМАНИТАРНЫХ НАУК

ACTUAL PROBLEMS OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

TOSHKENT-2025

BOSH MUHARRIR:

Isanova Feruza Tulqinovna

TAHRIR HAY'ATI:

07.00.00- TARIX FANLARI:

Yuldashev Anvar Ergashevich – tarix fanlari doktori, siyosiy fanlar nomzodi, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Mavlanov Uktam Maxmasabirovich – tarix fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Xazratkulov Abror – tarix fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti.

Tursunov Ravshan Normuratovich – tarix fanlari doktori, O'zbekiston Milliy Universiteti;

Xolikulov Axmadjon Boymahammadovich – tarix fanlari doktori, O'zbekiston Milliy Universiteti;

Gabrielyan Sofya Ivanovna – tarix fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston Milliy Universiteti.

Saidov Sarvar Atabullo o'g'li – katta ilmiy xodim, Imom Termiziy xalqaro ilmiy-tadqiqot markazi, ilmiy tadqiqotlar bo'limi.

08.00.00- IQTISODIYOT FANLARI:

Karlibayeva Raya Xojabayevna – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Nasirxodjayeva Dilafuz Sabitxanovna – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Ostonokulov Azamat Abdukarimovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent moliya instituti;

Arabov Nurali Uralovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Xudoyqulov Sadirdin Karimovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Azizov Sherzod O'ktamovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Bojxona instituti;

Xojayev Azizxon Saidaloxonovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent, Farg'ona politexnika instituti

Xolov Aktam Xatamovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Shadiyeva Dildora Xamidovna – iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent v.b, Toshkent moliya instituti;

Shakarov Qulmat Ashirovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari

nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent axborot texnologiyalari universiteti

09.00.00- FALSAFA FANLARI:

Hakimov Nazar Hakimovich – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Yaxshilikov Jo'raboy – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

G'aybullayev Otabek Muhammadiyevich – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat chet tillar instituti;

Saidova Kamola Uskanbayevna – falsafa fanlari doktori, "Tashkent International University of Education" xalqaro universiteti;

Hoshimxonov Mo'min – falsafa fanlari doktori, dotsent, Jizzax pedagogika instituti;

O'roqova Oysuluv Jamoliddinovna – falsafa fanlari doktori, dotsent, Andijon davlat tibbiyot instituti, Ijtimoiy-gumanitar fanlar kafedrasini mudiri;

Nosirxodjayeva Gulnora Abdukaxxarovna – falsafa fanlari nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Turdiyev Bexruz Sobirovich – falsafa fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent, Buxoro davlat universiteti.

10.00.00- FILOLOGIYA FANLARI:

Axmedov Oybek Saporbayevich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Ko'chimov Shuxrat Norqizilovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Hasanov Shavkat Ahadovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Baxronova Dilrabo Keldiyorovna – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Mirsanov G'aybullo Qulmurodovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat chet tillar instituti;

Salaxutdinova Musharraf Isamutdinovna – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Kuchkarov Raxman Urmanovich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent v/b, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Yunusov Mansur Abdullayevich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Saidov Ulugbek Aripovich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi.

12.00.00- YURIDIK FANLAR:

Axmedshayeva Mavlyuda Axatovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Muxitdinova Firyuza Abdurashidovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Esanova Zamira Normurotovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasida xizmat ko'rsatgan yurist, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Hamroqulov Bahodir Mamasharifovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor v.b., Jahon iqtisodiyoti va diplomatiya universiteti;

Zulfiqorov Sherzod Xurramovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Jamoat xavfsizligi universiteti;

Xayitov Xushvaqt Saparbayevich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Asadov Shavkat G'aybullayevich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Ergashev Ikrom Abdurasulovich – yuridik fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Utemuratov Maxmut Ajimuratovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Saydullayev Shaxzod Alixanovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Hakimov Komil Baxtiyarovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Yusupov Sardorbek Baxodirovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Amirov Zafar Aktamovich – yuridik fanlar doktori (PhD), O'zbekiston Respublikasi Sudyalar oliy kengashi huzuridagi Sudyalar oliy maktabi;

Jo'rayev Sherzod Yuldashevich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Babadjanov Atabek Davronbekovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Normatov Bekzod Akrom o'g'li — yuridik fanlar bo'yicha falsafa doktori, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Rahmatov Elyor Jumaboyevich — yuridik fanlar nomzodi, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

13.00.00- PEDAGOGIKA FANLARI:

Xashimova Dildarxon Urinboyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Ibragimova Gulnora Xavazmatovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Zakirova Feruza Maxmudovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, Toshkent axborot texnologiyalari universiteti huzuridagi pedagogik kadrlarni qayta tayyorlash va ularning malakasini oshirish tarmoq markazi;

Kayumova Nasiba Ashurovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor, Qarshi davlat universiteti;

Taylanova Shoxida Zayniyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Jumaniyozova Muhayyo Tojiyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Ibraximov Sanjar Urunbayevich – pedagogika fanlari doktori, Iqtisodiyot va pedagogika universiteti;

Javliyeva Shaxnoza Baxodirovna – pedagogika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Bobomurotova Latofat Elmurodovna — pedagogika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), Samarqand davlat universiteti.

19.00.00- PSIXOLOGIYA FANLARI:

Karimova Vasila Mamanosirovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti;

Hayitov Oybek Eshboyevich – Jismoniy tarbiya va sport bo'yicha mutaxassislarni qayta tayyorlash va malakasini oshirish instituti, psixologiya fanlari doktori, professor

Umarova Navbahor Shokirovna– psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti, Amaliy psixologiyasi kafedrasi mudiri;

Atabayeva Nargis Batirovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti;

Shamshetova Anjim Karamaddinovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, O‘zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Qodirov Obid Safarovich – psixologiya fanlari doktori (PhD), Samarkand viloyat IIB Tibbiyot bo‘limi psixologik xizmat boshlig‘i.

22.00.00- SOTSILOGIYA FANLARI:

Latipova Nodira Muxtarjanovna – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O‘zbekiston milliy universiteti kafedra mudiri;

Seitov Azamat Po‘latovich – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O‘zbekiston milliy universiteti;

Sodiqova Shohida Marxaboyevna – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O‘zbekiston xalqaro islom akademiyasi.

23.00.00- SIYOSIY FANLAR

Nazarov Nasriddin Ataqulovich –siyosiy fanlar doktori, falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent arxitektura qurilish instituti;

Bo‘tayeov Usmonjon Xayrullayevich –siyosiy fanlar doktori, dotsent, O‘zbekiston milliy universiteti kafedra mudiri.

OAK Ro‘yxati

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A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF STRUCTURAL-SEMANTIC CHARACTERISTICS OF ENGLISH AND UZBEK LANGUAGE WORD COMBINATIONS

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Abstract. This article presents a comparative analysis of the structural and semantic features of phrases in English and Uzbek. It examines the syntax and word order in both languages, identifying key differences and similarities in phrase construction. The study focuses on aspects such as the subject-verb-object order, the use of case markers in Uzbek versus prepositions in English, and the syntactic flexibility of Uzbek compared to the more rigid structure of English. Additionally, it explores how meaning is conveyed through these structural differences, particularly through idiomatic expressions, phrasal verbs, and the use of postpositions in Uzbek. The findings enhance the understanding of the relationship between syntax and semantics in both languages, offering valuable insights for linguists, language learners, and those involved in language teaching and translation. This research underscores the different ways in which English and Uzbek organize phrase structures to convey meaning and lays the groundwork for future cross-linguistic comparisons.

Keywords: structural features, semantic features, phrase structure, syntax, language comparison, English language, Uzbek language, syntactic structures, word order, case marking, prepositions.

INGLIZ VA O'ZBEK TILI SO'Z BIRIKMALARI STRUKTUR-SEMANTIK XUSUSIYATLARNING QIYOSIY ASPEKTD A O'RGANILISHI

Nazarov Sardor Shamurodovich

Iqtisodiyot va pedagogika universiteti

Annotatsiya. Maqola ingliz va o'zbek tillaridagi iboralarning strukturaviy va semantik xususiyatlarini taqqoslaydi. Tadqiqot ibora tarkibi, so'z tartibi, subyekt-fe'l-obyekt strukturalari, holat belgilari va predloglarning ishlatilishini o'rganadi. Shuningdek, o'zbek tilining sintaktik moslashuvchanligi va ingliz tilining qat'iy tuzilishi o'rtasidagi farqlarni tahlil qiladi. Tadqiqot, shuningdek, idiomatik iboralar, frazeologik fe'llar va postpozitsiyalarni qo'llash orqali ma'no ifodasini o'rganadi. Natijalar sintaksis va semantika o'rtasidagi munosabatni chuqurroq tushunishga yordam beradi va til o'rganuvchilariga yangi fikrlar taklif etadi. Bu tadqiqot ikki tilning ibora tuzilishini va kelajakdagi xoch-lingvistik taqqoslashlar uchun asos yaratadi.

Kalit so'zlar: strukturaviy xususiyatlar, semantik xususiyatlar, so'z turkumi, sintaksis, til qiyoslash, ingliz tili, o'zbek tili, sintaktik tuzilmalar, so'z tartibi, hol belgisi, yuklamalar.

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Introduction. The study of phrases, which are fundamental units of language, plays a crucial role in understanding how different languages organize and express meaning. Phrases in both English and Uzbek are constructed according to specific syntactic rules and semantic patterns, but the structural features and their influence on meaning can vary significantly. English and Uzbek belong to different language families, with English being a Germanic language and Uzbek a Turkic language. These differences often manifest in the syntax and semantics of phrases, making them an interesting area of linguistic comparison. This research

aims to examine the structural-semantic features of phrases in English and Uzbek, analyzing how each language organizes its syntactic units and the way meaning is conveyed.

Methods of research. To conduct this comparative study, a qualitative approach was employed. A total of 100 phrases in each language were selected for analysis, focusing on their structural and semantic features. The data were collected from literary texts, conversation samples, and formal written documents in both English and Uzbek. The structural features analyzed included word order, phrase components (e.g., noun phrases, verb phrases), and syntactic rules governing phrase formation. Semantic analysis focused on meaning in context, including how phrase structures contribute to the interpretation of meaning, idiomatic expressions, and figurative language. The comparison was carried out using a parallel approach, contrasting each language's phrase structures and semantics, with special attention to areas such as subject-verb-object order, prepositions, and modifiers.

Results and discussions. In the realm of linguistics, the study of word combinations transcends mere grammar and syntax, delving into the intricate relationship between structure and meaning. This essay aims to explore the structural-semantic characteristics of word combinations in two distinct languages: English and Uzbek. Both languages, while belonging to different linguistic families, exhibit unique features that reflect their cultural and historical contexts. To begin with, it is crucial to understand the foundational aspects of word combinations in both languages. English, a Germanic language, often follows a specific syntactic order, primarily the Subject-Verb-Object (SVO) structure. In contrast, Uzbek, a Turkic language, typically adheres to a Subject-Object-Verb (SOV) order. This fundamental difference in syntactic structure influences how meaning is constructed within word combinations [1].

In English, word combinations are often formed through various grammatical structures such as noun phrases, verb phrases, and prepositional phrases. For instance, the phrase "the quick brown fox" combines adjectives and nouns to create a vivid image [2]. This structure not only conveys meaning but also adds a layer of descriptive richness. In contrast, Uzbek word combinations often integrate suffixes and agglutinative forms that convey similar meanings but do so through a different structural approach. For instance, the Uzbek phrase "tez jigarrang tulki" (literally "quick brown fox") utilizes adjective-noun combinations but expands meaning through suffixation that indicates tense, case, or plurality.

Moreover, the semantic aspect of word combinations reveals significant differences between English and Uzbek. In English, modifiers such as adjectives precede the nouns they describe, fostering a direct and straightforward relationship between them. For example, "happy child" clearly associates the emotion with the noun. Conversely, in Uzbek, the adjective follows the noun, as in "bola baxtli," which translates directly to "child happy." This structural difference can alter how speakers perceive the relationship between the words, subtly influencing the overall meaning conveyed [3, p. 80].

Additional complexity arises when considering idiomatic expressions in both languages. English idioms often present challenges to non-native speakers due to their metaphorical nature. For example, the phrase "kick the bucket" means to die, which bears no literal relation to the words used. Uzbek also possesses idiomatic expressions, such as "to'rtta gullar ochildi," literally meaning "four flowers opened," often used to signify a flourishing or prosperous situation. Understanding these idiomatic expressions requires not only knowledge of language but also an awareness of cultural nuances deeply embedded in each language [4].

The analysis revealed several key differences and similarities between English and Uzbek phrase structures. In terms of syntax, both languages primarily follow a subject-verb-object (SVO) structure, but Uzbek tends to use more flexible word order due to its agglutinative nature. Furthermore, Uzbek often places modifiers after the noun, while in English, modifiers typically precede the noun. The use of prepositions in English is more rigid, while Uzbek often relies on postpositions. In terms of semantics, both languages employ phrases to express similar core ideas; however, there are significant differences in how complex ideas are expressed. For example, while English uses prepositional phrases to denote direction and location, Uzbek may use case-marking to achieve similar meanings. Additionally, idiomatic phrases in both languages demonstrate unique structural and semantic characteristics, with English phrases often relying on phrasal verbs, while Uzbek expressions may include more complex nominalizations [5, p. 600].

The comparative analysis yielded several important findings regarding the structural and semantic features of English and Uzbek phrases. Furthermore, word combinations in both languages can reflect sociocultural contexts. For example, in English, the phrase “working mother” signifies a growing recognition of women in the workforce, illustrating changes in social roles over time. In contrast, Uzbek word combinations like “uylangan ayol” (married woman) may reveal traditional societal structures where marital status plays a significant role in defining a woman’s identity. These examples reflect how language evolves alongside cultural shifts, making it essential to consider context when analyzing structural-semantic characteristics [6, p. 50].

The findings of this study highlight significant structural and semantic differences between English and Uzbek phrases. While both languages utilize a basic subject-verb-object order, the syntactic flexibility of Uzbek allows for greater variation in word order compared to English. The agglutinative structure of Uzbek also leads to more complex word formations and case-marking, which influences how meaning is encoded within phrases [7, p. 20]. Semantically, both languages display rich systems for expressing nuance through phrase constructions, but the specific ways in which each language conveys meaning differ. English’s reliance on prepositions and phrasal verbs contrasts with Uzbek’s case-marking and nominalization, suggesting that the languages prioritize different strategies for expressing relational and spatial meanings. Understanding these structural-semantic features contributes to a deeper understanding of how language shapes thought and communication in English and Uzbek, providing valuable insights for linguists and language learners.

The comparative study of structural-semantic characteristics of English and Uzbek language word combinations reveals profound insights into the relationship between language, structure, and meaning. While both languages exhibit unique characteristics reflective of their respective cultural and historical backgrounds, the fundamental differences in syntactic structures and semantic relationships highlight the diverse ways in which humans communicate. Understanding these distinctions not only enriches our knowledge of linguistics but also fosters a deeper appreciation for the complexities of language as a vital component of human experience [8].

Conclusion. This comparative study of the structural-semantic features of English and Uzbek phrases reveals important differences and similarities in how the two languages organize syntax and convey meaning. The findings demonstrate the influence of each

language's structural properties on its semantics, highlighting the impact of word order, case marking, and prepositional usage in phrase formation. Further research could extend this study by exploring additional languages, providing a broader cross-linguistic perspective on the relationship between structure and meaning in phrase-level communication.

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