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Актуальные проблемы социальных и гуманитарных наук

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SCIENCEPROBLEMS.UZ

IJTIMOIY-GUMANITAR FANLARNING DOLZARB MUAMMOLARI

№ 3 (5) - 2025

**АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ПРОБЛЕМЫ СОЦИАЛЬНО-
ГУМАНИТАРНЫХ НАУК**

ACTUAL PROBLEMS OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

TOSHKENT-2025

BOSH MUHARRIR:

Isanova Feruza Tulqinovna

TAHRIR HAY'ATI:

07.00.00- TARIX FANLARI:

Yuldashev Anvar Ergashevich – tarix fanlari doktori, siyosiy fanlar nomzodi, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Mavlanov Uktam Maxmasabirovich – tarix fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Xazratkulov Abror – tarix fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti.

Tursunov Ravshan Normuratovich – tarix fanlari doktori, O'zbekiston Milliy Universiteti;

Xolikulov Axmadjon Boymahamatovich – tarix fanlari doktori, O'zbekiston Milliy Universiteti;

Gabrielyan Sofya Ivanovna – tarix fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston Milliy Universiteti.

Saidov Sarvar Atabullo o'g'li – katta ilmiy xodim, Imam Termiziy xalqaro ilmiy-tadqiqot markazi, ilmiy tadqiqotlar bo'limi.

08.00.00- IQTISODIYOT FANLARI:

Karlibayeva Raya Xojabayevna – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Nasirxodjayeva Dilafruz Sabitxanova – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Ostonokulov Azamat Abdukarimovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent moliya instituti; Arabov Nurali Uralovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Xudoyqulov Sadirdin Karimovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Azizov Sherzod O'ktamovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Bojxona instituti;

Xojayev Azizzon Saidaloxonovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent, Farg'ona politexnika instituti

Xolov Aktam Xatamovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Shadiyeva Dildora Xamidovna – iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent v.b, Toshkent moliya instituti;

Shakarov Qulmat Ashirovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari

nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent axborot texnologiyalari universiteti

09.00.00- FALSAFA FANLARI:

Hakimov Nazar Hakimovich – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Yaxshilikov Jo'raboy – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

G'aybullayev Otabek Muhammadiyevich – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat chet tillar instituti;

Saidova Kamola Uskanbayevna – falsafa fanlari doktori, "Tashkent International University of Education" xalqaro universiteti;

Hoshimxonov Mo'min – falsafa fanlari doktori, dotsent, Jizzax pedagogika instituti;

O'roqova Oysuluv Jamoliddinovna – falsafa fanlari doktori, dotsent, Andijon davlat tibbiyot instituti, Ijtimoiy-gumanitar fanlar kafedrasi mudiri;

Nosirxodjayeva Gulnora Abdukaxxarovna – falsafa fanlari nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Turdiyev Bexruz Sobirovich – falsafa fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent, Buxoro davlat universiteti.

10.00.00- FILOLOGIYA FANLARI:

Axmedov Oybek Saporbayevich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Ko'chimov Shuxrat Norqizilovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Hasanov Shavkat Ahadovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Baxronova Dilrabo Keldiyorovna – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Mirsanov G'aybullo Qulmurodovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Samarqand davlat chet tillar instituti;

Salaxutdinova Musharraf Isamutdinovna – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent, Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Kuchkarov Raxman Urmanovich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent v/b, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Yunusov Mansur Abdullayevich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Saidov Ulugbek Aripovich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi.

12.00.00- YURIDIK FANLAR:

Axmedshayeva Mavlyuda Axatovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Muxitdinova Firyuza Abdurashidovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Esanova Zamira Normurotovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasida xizmat ko'rsatgan yurist, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Hamroqulov Bahodir Mamasharifovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor v.b., Jahon iqtisodiyoti va diplomatiya universiteti;

Zulfiqorov Sherzod Xurramovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Jamoat xavfsizligi universiteti;

Xayitov Xushvaqt Saparbayevich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Asadov Shavkat G'aybullayevich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti huzuridagi Davlat boshqaruvi akademiyasi;

Ergashev Ikrom Abdurasulovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Utemuratov Maxmut Ajimuratovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Saydullayev Shaxzod Alixanovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Hakimov Komil Baxtiyarovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Yusupov Sardorbek Baxodirovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Amirov Zafar Aktamovich – yuridik fanlar doktori (PhD), O'zbekiston Respublikasi Sudyalar oliy kengashi huzuridagi Sudyalar oliy maktabi;

Jo'rayev Sherzod Yuldashevich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Babadjanov Atabek Davronbekovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, dotsent, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Normatov Bekzod Akrom o'g'li — yuridik fanlar bo'yicha falsafa doktori, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Rahmatov Elyor Jumaboyevich — yuridik fanlar nomzodi, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

13.00.00- PEDAGOGIKA FANLARI:

Xashimova Dildarxon Urinboyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti;

Ibragimova Gulnora Xavazmatovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti;

Zakirova Feruza Maxmudovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, Toshkent axborot texnologiyalari universiteti huzuridagi pedagogik kadrlarni qayta tayyorlash va ularning malakasini oshirish tarmoq markazi;

Kayumova Nasiba Ashurovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor, Qarshi davlat universiteti;

Taylanova Shoxida Zayniyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Jumaniyozova Muhayyo Tojiyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Ibraximov Sanjar Urunbayevich – pedagogika fanlari doktori, Iqtisodiyot va pedagogika universiteti;

Javliyeva Shaxnoza Baxodirovna – pedagogika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), Samarqand davlat universiteti;

Bobomurotova Latofat Elmurodovna — pedagogika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), Samarqanddavlatuniversiteti.

19.00.00- PSIXOLOGIYA FANLARI:

Karimova Vasila Mamanosirovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti;

Hayitov Oybek Eshboyevich – Jismoniy tarbiya va sport bo'yicha mutaxassislarni qayta tayyorlash va malakasini oshirish instituti, psixologiya fanlari doktori, professor

Umarova Navbahor Shokirovna- psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti, Amaliy psixologiyasi kafedrasи mudiri;

Atabayeva Nargis Batirovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti;

Shamshetova Anjim Karamaddinovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston davlat jahon tillari universiteti;

Qodirov Obid Safarovich – psixologiya fanlari doktori (PhD), Samarkand viloyat IIB Tibbiyot bo'limi psixologik xizmat boshlig'i.

22.00.00- SOTSILOGIYA FANLARI:

Latipova Nodira Muxtarjanovna – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston milliy universiteti kafedra mudiri;

Seitov Azamat Po'latovich – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston milliy universiteti; Sodiqova Shohida Marxaboyevna – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston xalqaro islam akademiyasi.

23.00.00- SIYOSIY FANLAR

Nazarov Nasriddin Ataqulovich –siyosiy fanlar doktori, falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent arxitektura qurilish instituti;

Bo'tayev Usmonjon Xayrullayevich –siyosiy fanlar doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston milliy universiteti kafedra mudiri.

OAK Ro'yxati

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07.00.00 – TARIX FANLARI

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THE STUDY OF TEXT LINGUISTIC

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Abstract. This article is devoted to the study of text linguistics, and it discusses the work of scholars who have conducted research in this field, as well as linguistic research.

Keywords: communication, linguistics, literary studies, logic, sociology, aesthetics, linguistic-logical, socio-spiritual, historical-aesthetic.

MATN LINGVISTIKANI O'RGANISH

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Termiz iqtisodiyot va servis universiteti magistranti

Annotatsiya. Ushbu maqola matn lingvistikasini o'rganishga bag'ishlangan bo'lib, unda ushbu sohada ilmiy izlanishlar olib borgan olimlarning faoliyati hamda lingvistik tadqiqotlar haqida so'z boradi.

Kalit so'zlar: aloqa, tilshunoslik, adabiyotshunoslik, mantiq, sotsiologiya, estetika, lingvistik-mantiqiy, ijtimoiy-ma'naviy, tarixiy-estetik.

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Introduction.

For millennia, humans have been engaged in learning, teaching, gathering, preserving, and sharing their knowledge and experiences with others. Naturally, all these activities—whether acquiring and imparting knowledge, accumulating and safeguarding information, or exchanging experiences—are conducted exclusively through communication, both spoken and written, using language. It is widely recognized, not only by experts but by everyone today, that the fundamental function of language, intrinsic to its very nature, is communication.

However, the linguistic-logical, socio-spiritual, and historical-aesthetic mechanisms of this communicative connection—speech communication—along with its rules, principles, and unique characteristics, have not been fully explored by relevant disciplines such as linguistics, literary studies, logic, sociology, and aesthetics. Although many aspects of this issue have long been a focus of scholarly attention, they continue to spark controversy and debate. The diverse

perspectives put forward in this field are sometimes accepted by some scholars, while at other times, they provoke strong objections.

Naturally, the emergence and occurrence of any verbal communication requires the participation of three main elements, namely the speaker (writer) – information (text) – listener (reader). True, in verbal communication, the speech conditions, the information channel (such as voice, writing, magnetic recording, telephone), the status, age and other characteristics of the communication members, as well as the role of various other non-verbal means are of paramount importance and decisive importance. However, these three elements are the main pillars of verbal communication, without any of which the communication process cannot take place.

Literature review and methodology.

Text linguistics is a branch of linguistics that focuses on the study of texts as units of meaning rather than just sentences in isolation. It examines how texts are structured, how they achieve coherence, and how they function in communication. Unlike traditional sentence-based linguistics, text linguistics explores how words, phrases, and sentences interact to create meaning in larger discourse. Text linguistics is the study of how linguistic elements work together in a text to create meaning. A text, in this context, refers to any spoken or written communication that forms a meaningful whole, such as stories, articles, conversations, and reports.

It is known that linguistics divides its object of study into separate sections, that is, in phonetics-phonology sounds (phonemes) are studied, in morphology morphemes, in lexicology lexemes, and in syntax simple and compound sentences are studied. It can be said that in traditional linguistics the highest and final unit at the highest level of the language is considered to be a sentence. In the words of the Polish linguist M.R. Mayenova, the statement that "linguistics ends its observations where the sentence ends" was considered an obvious truth until recently. Texts consisting of many sentences remain outside the observations of this field of science, which is completely and completely limited to the scope of grammar in the broad sense".[1]

In fact, if "linguistics ends its observations where the sentence ends," that is, if it considers only the sentence as a communicative unit, such linguistics will have difficulty in freely and fully penetrating the semantic-communicative essence of the sentence.

The study of coherent speech, a coherent speech work, a text, that is, the approach to the text in the form of a sentence – period – a larger fragment – a coherent whole began in antiquity – with Aristotle and his followers.[2]

The development of the concept of text ("text") in Russian linguistics dates back to the 1940s. In 1947, A.I. Belich, in his article on the classification of linguistic disciplines, drew attention to the fact that in the grammatical description of linguistic facts, a special place should be given to the entire chain of sentences connected by a common meaning and manifested in the form of a certain syntactic-semantic integrity, and that this is of decisive importance for the emergence of the concept of "text", and emphasized the expediency of studying the relationships and connections in such chains of sentences in the syntax section of linguistics.[3]

The issue of units larger than a sentence, that is, "sentence cooperation," was also raised in German linguistics in 1949. In his work, which studied the most important means of structurally forming connections between sentences, such as lexical repetition, articles,

pronouns, ellipsis, verb tenses, repeating conjunctions, and interrogative words, K. Boost writes: "The threads drawn from one sentence to another are so numerous and form such a dense web that one can speak of the intertwining of sentences, of their being woven as a single web, because each individual sentence is closely connected with the others.". [4]

Discussion.

Since the second half of the 1960s, the direction called "text linguistics" has entered a period of rapid development. The text as a holistic speech entity and its constituent elements, factors, and properties began to be studied from various points of view. A unique, if one may say, huge "fuss" arose around this area. Some experts even considered text linguistics not a separate field of linguistics, but the foundation, the basis of linguistics in general. In Western European countries, periodicals and scientific collections on text linguistics were published, special scientific groups were formed, monographs were printed, textbooks, even textbooks for schools were published. [5]

The contributions of representatives of Czech (representatives of the Prague Linguistic Circle), German, French, English, American, Dutch, Polish and other linguistic schools to the general formation and development of text theory and text linguistics have been recognized in world linguistics and are constantly mentioned in scientific research. [6]

In Russian linguistics, the problems of text theory and linguistics have been studied by many linguists, including V.V. Odintsov, I.R. Galperin, O.I. Moskalskaya, L.M. Loseva, Y.M. Lotman, Z.Y. Turaeva, N.D. Zarubina, E.V. Sidorov, O.L. Kamenskaya, A.I. Gorshkov, N.S. Valgina. [7]

O.I. Moskalskaya, who conducted an in-depth analysis of linguistic research in this field, highlights that by the 1960s and 1970s, interest in the linguistic study of texts had grown significantly. She notes that an unprecedented number of studies on text linguistics emerged in global linguistics, leading to its full recognition as an independent linguistic discipline. She categorizes the key principles underlying this recognition into the following groups:

1. The primary unit of speech that conveys a complete thought is not the sentence, but the text, with a sentence-thought being merely a specific case or a particular type of text. The text represents the highest unit of the syntactic level.
2. Individual speech productions—texts—are structured based on general principles of text construction. These principles are not confined to the domain of speech but belong to the language system or linguistic competence. Given this perspective, the text should be regarded not only as a unit of speech but also as a unit of language.
3. Like other linguistic units, the text functions as part of the system of linguistic signs.
4. A comprehensive analysis of the text as both a speech and linguistic unit at a distinct level necessitates the establishment of a specialized linguistic discipline—text linguistics.

O.M. Moskalskaya draws attention to the fact that these rules, especially the rules in the first paragraph, were repeated in various forms in the research of that time, "sounding like the battle cry of a new linguistic direction," and gives examples of such ideas of Western scientists: "We usually speak not with separate words, but with sentences and texts" (H. Weinrich). "If we speak, we speak only with texts" (P. Hartmann). "Language is a means of communication between people only in the form of texts and in the function of text-making" (P. Hartmann). "When we use language, the basic unit is not a word or a sentence, but a text" (M.A.K. Halliday).

“In our days, it is becoming generally recognized that the highest and most independent unit of language is not a sentence, but a text” (W. Dressler).[8]

Results.

Text linguistics is taking shape and developing in this way. However, there are also critical opinions in Russian linguistics, which claim that text linguistics covers too many issues for its scope of study, interferes with the problems of other scientific fields, and supposedly denies the concept of a sentence. For example, the famous Russian philologist R.A. Budagov published a collection of studies on text linguistics by a number of world experts in his article “To what extent is text linguistics linguistics?”, he argues that text linguistics seeks to study human abilities such as creating, organizing, understanding, composing, and perceiving the compositional integrity of a text, while this would be taking on the tasks of other disciplines. He also argues that this approach is not the right one when it comes to limiting the size of a text.[9]

He writes: The initial intentions of the creators of “Text Linguistics” were very noble. To respond to scientific and technical progress, to the requirements of the information age. To show that there are not only small units in the language, but also large units. To study the forms and means of combining sentences in the flow of the text. All this is noteworthy and should be supported. Another thing – the desire to be different from traditional (so-called) linguistics in every way – raises a fundamental objection... And the most dangerous, weak point is the opposition of large and small units of the language to each other. At the same time, it is impossible to study the principles of combining sentences without not only studying the structure of a sentence, word or phrase, but even without being interested in it...”[10]

Conclusion.

It seems that research has been and is being conducted in various areas and aspects of text linguistics. Of course, the research of scientists are commendable, but we also need to set ourselves the goal of conducting research in this area.

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**АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ПРОБЛЕМЫ СОЦИАЛЬНО-
ГУМАНИТАРНЫХ НАУК**

ACTUAL PROBLEMS OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

**“Ijtimoiy-gumanitar fanlarning dolzarb
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