

SCIENCE
PROBLEMS.UZ

ISSN 2181-1342

Actual problems of social and humanitarian sciences
Актуальные проблемы социальных и гуманитарных наук

Ijtimoiy-gumanitar fanlarning dolzarb muammolari

10-son (5-jild)

2025

SCIENCEPROBLEMS.UZ

IJTIMOIIY-GUMANITAR FANLARNING DOLZARB MUAMMOLARI

№ 10 (5) – 2025

АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ПРОБЛЕМЫ СОЦИАЛЬНО- ГУМАНИТАРНЫХ НАУК

ACTUAL PROBLEMS OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

TOSHKENT-2025

BOSH MUHARRIR:

Isanova Feruza Tulqinovna

TAHRIR HAY'ATI:

07.00.00- TARIX FANLARI:

Yuldashev Anvar Ergashevich – tarix fanlari doktori, siyosiy fanlar nomzodi, professor;

Mavlanov Uktam Maxmasabirovich – tarix fanlari doktori, professor;

Xazratkulov Abror – tarix fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Tursunov Ravshan Normuratovich – tarix fanlari doktori;

Xolikulov Axmadjon Boymahmatovich – tarix fanlari doktori;

Gabrielyan Sofya Ivanovna – tarix fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Saidov Sarvar Atabullo o'g'li – katta ilmiy xodim, Imom Termiziy xalqaro ilmiy-tadqiqot markazi, ilmiy tadqiqotlar bo'limi.

08.00.00- IQTISODIYOT FANLARI:

Karlibayeva Raya Xojabayevna – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor;

Nasirxodjayeva Dilafruz Sabitxanovna – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor;

Ostonokulov Azamat Abdukarimovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor;

Arabov Nurali Uralovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, professor;

Xudoyqulov Sadirdin Karimovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Azizov Sherzod O'ktamovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Xojayev Azizxon Saidaloxonovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari doktori, dotsent

Xolov Aktam Xatamovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent;

Shadiyeva Dildora Xamidovna – iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD), dotsent v.b.;

Shakarov Qulmat Ashirovich – iqtisodiyot fanlari nomzodi, dotsent.;

Jabborova Charos Aminovna - iqtisodiyot fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD).

09.00.00- FALSAFA FANLARI:

Hakimov Nazar Hakimovich – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor;

Yaxshilikov Jo'raboy – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor;

G'aybullayev Otabek Muhammadiyevich – falsafa fanlari doktori, professor;

Saidova Kamola Uskanbayevna – falsafa fanlari doktori;

Hoshimxonov Mo'min – falsafa fanlari doktori, dotsent;

O'roqova Oysuluv Jamoliddinovna – falsafa fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Nosirxodjayeva Gulnora Abdukaxxarovna – falsafa fanlari nomzodi, dotsent;

Turdiyev Bexruz Sobirovich – falsafa fanlari doktori (DSc), Professor.

10.00.00- FILOLOGIYA FANLARI:

Axmedov Oybek Saporbayevich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor;

Ko'chimov Shuxrat Norqizilovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Hasanov Shavkat Ahadovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor;

Baxronova Dilrabo Keldiyorovna – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor;

Mirsanov G'aybullo Qulmurodovich – filologiya fanlari doktori, professor;

Salaxutdinova Musharraf Isamutdinovna – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent;

Kuchkarov Raxman Urmanovich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent v/b;

Yunusov Mansur Abdullayevich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi;

Saidov Ulugbek Aripovich – filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent;

Qodirova Muqaddas Tog'ayevna - filologiya fanlari nomzodi, dotsent.

12.00.00- YURIDIK FANLAR:

Axmedshayeva Mavlyuda Axatovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor;

Muxitdinova Firyuza Abdurashidovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor;

Esanova Zamira Normurotovna – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor, O'zbekiston Respublikasida xizmat ko'rsatgan yurist;

Hamroqulov Bahodir Mamasharifovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor v.b.,;

Zulfiqorov Sherzod Xurramovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor;

Xayitov Xushvaqt Saparbayevich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor;

Asadov Shavkat G'aybullayevich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent;

Ergashev Ikrom Abdurasulovich – yuridik fanlari doktori, professor;

Utemuratov Maxmut Ajimuratovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, professor;

Saydullayev Shaxzod Alixanovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, professor;

Hakimov Komil Baxtiyarovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, dotsent;

Yusupov Sardorbek Baxodirovich – yuridik fanlar doktori, professor;

Amirov Zafar Aktamovich – yuridik fanlar doktori (PhD);

Jo'rayev Sherzod Yuldashevich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, dotsent;

Babadjanov Atabek Davronbekovich – yuridik fanlar nomzodi, professor;

Normatov Bekzod Akrom o'g'li — yuridik fanlar bo'yicha falsafa doktori;

Rahmatov Elyor Jumaboyevich — yuridik fanlar nomzodi;

13.00.00- PEDAGOGIKA FANLARI:

Xashimova Dildarxon Urinboyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor;

Ibragimova Gulnora Xavazmatovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor;

Zakirova Feruza Maxmudovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori;

Kayumova Nasiba Ashurovna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, professor;

Taylanova Shoxida Zayniyevna – pedagogika fanlari

doktori, dotsent;

Jumaniyozova Muhayyo Tojiyevna – pedagogika fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Ibraximov Sanjar Urunbayevich – pedagogika fanlari doktori;

Javliyeva Shaxnoza Baxodirovna – pedagogika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD);

Bobomurotova Latofat Elmurodovna — pedagogika fanlari bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD).

19.00.00- PSIXOLOGIYA FANLARI:

Karimova Vasila Mamanosirovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, professor, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti;

Hayitov Oybek Eshboyevich – Jismoniy tarbiya va sport bo'yicha mutaxassislarni qayta tayyorlash va malakasini oshirish instituti, psixologiya fanlari doktori, professor

Umarova Navbahor Shokirovna– psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent, Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti, Amaliy psixologiyasi kafedrasini mudiri;

Atabayeva Nargis Batirovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Shamshetova Anjim Karamaddinovna – psixologiya fanlari doktori, dotsent;

Qodirov Obid Safarovich – psixologiya fanlari doktori (PhD).

22.00.00- SOTSIOLOGIYA FANLARI:

Latipova Nodira Muxtarjanovna – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston milliy universiteti kafedra mudiri;

Seitov Azamat Po'latovich – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston milliy universiteti;

Sodiqova Shohida Marxaboyevna – sotsiologiya fanlari doktori, professor, O'zbekiston xalqaro islom akademiyasi.

23.00.00- SIYOSIY FANLAR

Nazarov Nasriddin Ataqulovich –siyosiy fanlar doktori, falsafa fanlari doktori, professor, Toshkent arxitektura qurilish instituti;

Bo'tayev Usmonjon Xayrullayevich –siyosiy fanlar doktori, dotsent, O'zbekiston milliy universiteti kafedra mudiri.

OAK Ro'yxati

Mazkur jurnal Vazirlar Mahkamasi huzuridagi Oliy attestatsiya komissiyasi Rayosatining 2022-yil 30-noyabrdagi 327/5-son qarori bilan tarix, iqtisodiyot, falsafa, filologiya, yuridik va pedagogika fanlari bo'yicha ilmiy darajalar yuzasidan dissertatsiyalar asosiy natijalarini chop etish tavsiya etilgan ilmiy nashrlar ro'yxatiga kiritilgan.

“Ijtimoiy-gumanitar fanlarning dolzarb muammolari” elektron jurnali 2020-yil 6-avgust kuni 1368-sonli guvohnoma bilan davlat ro'yxatiga olingan.

Muassis: “SCIENCEPROBLEMS TEAM” mas'uliyati cheklangan jamiyati

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Received: 15 September 2025

Accepted: 1 October 2025

Published: 10 October 2025

Article / Original Paper

THE PRINCIPLE OF INTERNATIONAL LAW ENSURING THE RIGHT OF A CHILD TO LIFE, SURVIVAL AND DEVELOPMENT AND ITS ESSENCE

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Abstract. This article analyzes the principle of international law ensuring a child's right to life, survival and development, its essence, and legal basis. It also highlights the right of every child to privacy and state support for their physical, mental, psychological, spiritual, and social development. In addition, international law indicates that this principle is inextricably linked with other principles - the highest interests of the child, the right to non-discrimination, protection from violence, and rehabilitation. In our national legislation, the methods of implementing this principle are considered, and it is noted that a deep analysis of this principle has important theoretical and practical significance in the effective protection of children's rights at the international and national levels.

Keywords: principles of international law, child rights, UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, right to life.

BOLANING YASHASH, OMON QOLISH VA RIVOJLANISH HUQUQINI TA'MINLOVCHI XALQARO HUQUQ TAMOYILI VA UNING MOHIYATI

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Toshkent davlat yuridik universiteti tayanch doktoranti

Annotatsiya. Ushbu maqolada bolaning yashash, omon qolish va rivojlanish huquqini ta'minlovchi xalqaro huquq tamoyili, uning mohiyati, huquqiy asosi tahlil qilinadi. Shuningdek, har bir bolaning hayotiga bo'lgan daxlsizlik huquqi, uning jismoniy, aqliy, ruhiy, ma'naviy va ijtimoiy rivojlanishi davlat tomonidan qo'llab-quvvatlanishi yoritib beriladi. Bundan tashqari, xalqaro huquqda ushbu tamoyilning boshqa tamoyillar – bolaning eng oliy manfaatlari, kamsitilmaslik, zo'ravonlikdan himoya qilish va reabilitatsiya huquqlari bilan uzviy bog'liqligi ko'rsatib o'tiladi. Milliy qonunchiligimizda ushbu tamoyilning amalga oshirilish usullari ko'rib chiqiladi hamda bu tamoyilning chuqur tahlili bolalar huquqlarini xalqaro va milliy darajada samarali himoya qilishda muhim nazariy-amaliy ahamiyat kasb etishi qayd etiladi.

Kalit so'zlar: xalqaro huquq tamoyillari, bola huquqlari, BMTning "Bola huquqlari to'g'risida"gi Konvensiyasi, yashash huquqi.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.47390/SPR1342V5I10Y2025N74>

One of the important indicators of the development of a particular state and the stability of society is the level of ensuring the rights and interests of children. Therefore, the rights of the child remain one of the main and, at the same time, the most important areas of international law. In particular, the right of a child to life, survival, and development is one of the most fundamental principles of human rights, which implies not only the preservation of a child's life, but also the guarantee of their full physical, mental, spiritual, and social development. In general, it is difficult to imagine anything more important than the recognition of the right to life in the entire complex of human rights. The UN Human Rights Committee defines the right

to life as "the supreme right that cannot be restricted even in a state of emergency that threatens the life of a nation"[1]. The right to life is also reflected in other sources of international law. In particular, Article 3 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948) states: "Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person" [2] and Article 6 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights states: "The right to life is an inalienable right of every person. This right is protected by law. No one can be arbitrarily deprived of life" [3]. The implementation of this principle within the framework of children's rights is enshrined in Article 6 of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, adopted in 1989, which requires states to take legal, organizational, and social measures to implement this right [4]. In addition to recognizing the child's right to life, Article 6 of the Convention further enriches this principle by adding the rights to survival and development. As a result, Article 6 eliminates the long-standing division in international human rights - between civil and political rights on the one hand and economic, social and cultural rights on the other.

This principle is much broader than the other principles of international law aimed at protecting the rights of the child and includes three components: the child's right to physical survival in terms of the continuation of human lineage as a biological factor; living in favorable conditions for physical development, and the environment in which they live should not negatively affect their comprehensive development.

Several principles enshrined in the Declaration of the Rights of the Child of 1959 are dedicated to the right to decent physical and mental development, and the right to healthy growth and development, as well as the creation of decent living conditions, is enshrined in this document without separation from maternal rights. Secondly, the Declaration declared that to ensure the harmonious physical, emotional, and psychological development of a child, not only social security and quality education are necessary, but also an atmosphere of love and understanding. Thus, this principle is based not on material values, but on spiritual and moral values to a greater extent than the other three previously considered principles.

Regarding children's rights to life and survival, we all know that in international law, "child" refers to every person under 18 years of age. The legal basis for this lies in Article 1 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child. However, the problematic aspect is that the child does not explain from which event they acquire their rights - from the moment the fetus appears, from birth, or from some time between them. The solution to this issue remains at the disposal of the states. Most norms on the protection of children's rights link the emergence of rights to the fact of birth. For example, a name, citizenship, the right to registration immediately after birth, etc. At the same time, in some areas of international humanitarian law and bioethics, the embryo (fetus) can be considered as an object of protection (for example, the prohibition of arbitrary experiments, the protection of pregnant women in international humanitarian law). Consequently, there is no single universal solution to this issue, and states interpret these norms as they see fit.

As can be seen from regional sources, Article 4 of the American Convention on Human Rights (1969) states: "Everyone has the right to respect his life. This right is generally protected by law from the moment of conception. No one can be arbitrarily deprived of life" [5]. As can be seen from this, if the States Parties to this Convention reflect this norm in their national legislation, the right of children to life and survival in those states arises from the moment of

conception. This case is considered one of the controversial topics in international law, and several cases have been considered on this matter.

All these measures represent a public-legal vector of the mechanism for implementing this principle, aimed at preserving and maintaining the health and physical development of children. Its private legal aspects receive much less attention from the legislator.

However, the Committee on the Rights of the Child takes this principle beyond just the physical well-being of children and interprets it much more broadly.

In its Concluding Note of 2014, the Committee on the Rights of the Child paid special attention to some material aspects of implementing the principle of best ensuring the interests of the child. From the perspective of the principle under consideration, it was indicated that state bodies for the protection of children assess the general physical safety of children and ignore their emotional and psychological needs. One of the primary tasks of the participating states in fulfilling their obligations under the Convention is to make amendments to national legislation to ensure the priority of the principle under consideration at the level of all national legislative acts affecting the rights of children.

Article 25 of our fundamental law, the Constitution, states: "The right to life is an inalienable right of every person and is protected by law. Assassination of human life is the most serious crime" [6].

Furthermore, Article 8 of the Law "On Guarantees of the Rights of the Child," adopted on November 23, 2007, reflects this principle of international law as follows: "The right to life is an inalienable right of every child. An attempt on a child's life is the most serious crime. The state creates conditions for ensuring the birth and development of a healthy child." In particular, this norm represents the highest guarantee of protection for children, since a child is the most vulnerable member of society. A child cannot protect themselves; they need care, attention, and state protection from adults. Therefore, this norm of the Constitution directly obliges the state to protect the life and safety of children.

As noted above, the principle under consideration includes not only the basic concept of life as a physical state, but also covers all aspects of a child's development, health, and psychosocial well-being. Based on the analysis of the positions of the UN Committee on the Rights of the Child and the European Court of Human Rights, it can be concluded that the right of a child to life, survival, and development arises from the moment of birth as a biological condition for the continuation of the human race, recognizing the physical separation of the fetus from the mother's womb.

Having identified the elements of the principle ensuring the right to life, survival, and development, as well as the time of the emergence of each of them, it is necessary to dwell on the content of this principle from the point of view of creating favorable conditions for the present and future life of the child.

Moreover, this principle eliminates the division between civil and political rights and economic, social, and cultural rights. International legal norms, including the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, as well as regional conventions, further expand the content of this right and define the obligations of states. Each state must adapt its national legislation to these principles, form legal, social, and institutional mechanisms for the protection of children's rights. In particular, Uzbekistan has introduced this principle into its national legislation, and this principle plays a significant role

in state policy towards children. In particular, the National Action Plan for 2024-2027 on the implementation of the recommendations of the UN Committee on the Rights of the Child based on the results of the review of the Fifth Periodic Report of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the implementation of the provisions of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child also defines priority areas in such key areas as respect for the views of the child, the eradication of violence against children, medical support for motherhood and childhood, the involvement of children in education, freedom of thought and speech of children, and others [7].

In conclusion, it can be said that the right of a child to life, survival, and development is one of the most important principles of modern international law, which guarantees not only the preservation of a child's existence, but also the formation of a comprehensively healthy and harmoniously developed person. The legal basis of this principle is enshrined in the Convention on the Rights of the Child, adopted in 1989, which recognizes the international right to the inviolability of a child's life, healthy development, and protection. The priority of this right is also emphasized in the resolutions of the UN and other international organizations.

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№ 10 (5) – 2025

АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ПРОБЛЕМЫ СОЦИАЛЬНО- ГУМАНИТАРНЫХ НАУК

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“Ijtimoiy-gumanitar fanlarning dolzarb muammolari” elektron jurnali 2020-yil 6-avgust kuni 1368-sonli guvohnoma bilan davlat ro'yxatiga olingan.

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